

Artificial Things (Scene Three)

GCSE Dance (8236)

Anthology fact file

	Immersed in Stopgap's work since 2003 Lucy Bennett has learnt to
	blend and expand the dynamic interaction of distinctly different dancers. Working as a choreographer within a company of markedly
Choreographer	diverse dancers has allowed Lucy to develop, define and encapsulate
	her love for expressing human stories through dance.
	As a dancer Lucy worked with a variety of choreographers. As the
	resident choreographer and, since 2012, the Artistic Director of the
	company, Lucy has changed Stopgap into a company that can
	conceive original ideas with key collaborators, whilst taking leadership
	over the creative processes.
	Stopgap Dance Company creates exhilarating dance productions for national and international touring. This choreographer-led company
	employs disabled and non-disabled artists who find innovative ways
	to collaborate. Stopgap values a pioneering spirit and is committed to
Company	making discoveries about integrating disabled and non-disabled
	people through dance and nurturing disabled and non-disabled artists
	for making inclusive works.
	"Difference is our means and our method"
Date of first performance	5 th February 2014, UK Premiere
Dance style	Inclusive contemporary dance
	Lucy Bennett uses a collaborative approach within her choreography.
	Stopgap's dancers are encouraged to actively contribute to the
Choreographic	process through choreographic tasks that Bennett initiates. Much of
approach	the material from scene three has been driven by Laura Jones'
	movement in her wheelchair and has been translated by the standing dancers David Willdridge and Amy Butler.
	The embryonic image for <i>Artificial Things</i> as a whole was a snow
	covered urban landscape with an isolated figure perched on a
	collapsed wheelchair. This figure is being observed from afar as if
	through a snow globe.
Stimulus	The mysterious paintings by the Serbian artist Goran Djurovic also
	influenced the design, costume and choreographic images within all the scenes.
	The dancers' personal experiences provided inspiration for the
	choreographic tasks.
	Scene three is the final scene of Artificial Things. The undertone of
	the scene is about the characters coming to terms with life's
	limitations - we all live within certain confinements, and we are subject
Choreographic	to the gaze of 'the other'. The characters acting out this sorrowful but
intention	peaceful scene are still constricted within a snow globe that signifies
	these ideas. Within the scene however, the characters find a resolution by coming together, and as the scene comes to a close,
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	they surrender to the fact that we all have to live with individual regrets.
Dancers	4 dancers (2 male / 2 female)
Duration	20 minutes
Structure	 Artificial Things consists of three scenes. The first scene depicts the underlying tension between the characters, and the second scene is exciting but violent, where the characters seek liberation from the suffering austerity. This leads to a tragedy, and scene three is its aftermath, where the characters are more pensive. Scene three opens with two duets. The first is ground-based contact work involving a dismantled wheelchair. The second duet was influenced by the dancers improvising around the idea of inviting touch, and leading and following, The group then unites and use ground-based contact work to stay connected whilst manipulating the dismantled wheelchair. The trio of Amy, David Willdridge and Laura begins to find harmony whilst dancing with one another and Laura's wheelchair. Following Laura's lead they explore the movement of the chair, and each dancer takes responsibility for the wheelchair. The trio eventually gathers around David Toole, who has been watching from the vitrine (glass display cabinet), and they re-enact portraits of past family photos influenced by the group as the music '<i>The Sunshine of Your Smile</i>' begins and finds a lonely spotlight. He dances a simple solo focusing on facial expression and physical storytelling to the song that his father used to sing when he was young This solo is a tribute to his father.
Aural setting	For scene three Andy Higgs wanted to create a futuristic atmosphere acknowledging that time had passed and that the old ways had broken down. He used the whole of the piano both inside and out to create a cold, ambient sound. He also used the sound of the paper snow and incorporated other sound effects such as a distant rumble, wind and footsteps through snow. Elements of the song ' <i>The Sunshine of Your Smile</i> ' were mixed into the atmosphere often sounding distorted or as if drifting in on the wind. The final section uses the full version of the song.
Costume	Designed by Anna Jones, the costumes are a wash of blue and green, merging with the backdrop. It looks as if paint is running from the garments, which is a reference to being stuck in one of the paintings by Djurovic. Outer garments worn in previous scenes, such as jackets and jumpers, are removed in this scene to depict that time has moved on.
Lighting	Designed by Chahine Yavrovan. For much of the piece the lighting focuses in on one or two spots. It opens out in the middle, with a blue wash and warm and cool side lighting before closing down to another spot for the final solo.

Performance environment	Proscenium arch
Staging/set	Designed by Anna Jones. The set is influenced by several paintings from the 'Unknown Secrets' collection by Goran Djurovic. It consists of a crudely painted heavy backdrop in which paint looks as if it is running down the canvas. In scenes one and two this is painted with brightly coloured strips, which are removed for scene three to create calmer visuals. This scene change signifies the change of mood. The vitrine is on its side with a snowdrift inside the cabinet. Paper snow is scattered on the ground in a diagonal from the vitrine to Laura who is downstage right. In front of the vitrine there are two stools and a headless suit on mannequin legs perched on a third stool. The dance floor is a light grey and around the edge is a wooden frame reflecting the colour, shape and restriction of the vitrine. This emphasises the fact that the audience is looking into the snow globe of artificial things.